Atropine Sulfate

中文名: 硫酸阿托品注射液 《信東》

適應症: 膽石症、幽門痙攣、胃酸過多、胃痙攣、有機磷化物、毛果芸香鹼中毒、診斷

用散瞳、調節痙攣、乙醚等麻醉時之抑制支氣管分泌。

藥理分類: Anticholinergic Agent; Antidote; Antispasmodic Agent, Gastrointestinal

用法用量: Administration: SC, IM, IV

Indications and dosage regimen:

Antidote to anticholinesterase (e.g., organophosphate poisoning or carbamate poisoning):

-Adults:

1-2 mg IV (preferable) or IM, repeated every 2-60 minutes until muscarinic symptoms disappear. For severe cases, 2-6 mg may be given initially, repeating doses every 2-60 minutes.

-Children:

0.05 mg/kg IV (preferable) or IM up to an adult dose, repeated every 2-30 minutes until muscarinic signs and symptoms disappear.

Reversal of muscarinic activity, from agents used for neuromuscular blockade reversal:

-Adults:

0.6-1.2 mg IV for each 0.5-2.5 mg neostigmine methylsulfate or 10-20 mg of pyridostigmine bromide given. Administer concurrently with (but in a separate syringe) or a few minutes before the anticholinesterase agent.

-Neonates & Infants: IV

0.02- mg/kg dose of atropine sulfate concomitantly with each 0.04- mg/kg dose of neostigmine methylsulfate.

-Children: IV

0.01- to 0.04- mg/kg dose of atropine sulfate concomitantly with each 0.025- to 0.08- mg/kg dose of neostigmine methylsulfate.

Bradyarrhythmia:

-Adults:

0.5-1 mg IV every 3-5 min to total dose of 0.04 mg/kg.

IV doses < 0.5mg usually should not be used in adults, since paradoxical slowing of the heart rate may occur secondary to a dose-dependent (low dose) central vagal-stimulating effect of the drug.

-Children & Adolescents:

0.02 mg/kg, IV repeat once after 5 min; MAX 1 mg/dose in adolescents and 0.5 mg/dose in young children; MAX total dose 2 mg in adolescents and 1 mg in young children.

Preoperatively to decrease secretions and block cardiac vagal reflexes:

given 30-60 minutes before anesthesia.

- -Adults: 0.4 mg (range: 0.2-1 mg) IM/IV/SC
- -Children ≥ 20 kg: 0.4 mg IM/IV/SC

—Children < 20kg: SC, 0.1 mg for 3 kg, 0.2 mg for 7-9 kg, or 0.3 mg for 12-16 kg.

Hypotonic radiography of the GI tract:

Adults, 1 mg IM.

GI anticholinergic effect:

- -Adults: 0.3-1.2 mg IV/IM/SC every 4-6 hr.
- -Children: 0.01 mg/kg SC, not to exceed 0.4 mg or 0.3 mg/m2 every 4-6 hr.

不良反應: 口乾、視力模糊、睫狀肌麻痺、散瞳、畏光、缺汗、尿滯留、心跳快速、心悸、便秘等。

注意事項: 本劑勿使用於青光眼、前列腺肥大、甲狀腺機能亢進及鬱血性心衰竭的患者。

懷 孕 期: 1. Atropine has been found to cross the human placenta (*Kanto 1981*).

2.In general, medications used as antidotes should take into consideration the health and prognosis of the mother; antidotes should be administered to pregnant women if there is a clear indication for use and should not be withheld because of fears of teratogenicity (*Bailey 2003*).

3.Medications used for the treatment of cardiac arrest in pregnancy are the same as in the non-pregnant woman. Appropriate medications should not be withheld due to concerns of fetal teratogenicity (*Jeejeebhoy [AHA] 2015*).

授 乳 期: 1.不建議使用。微量 atropine 會分泌至乳汁。

- 2. Trace amounts of atropine are present in breast milk.
- 3.Atropine may suppress lactation or cause adverse events in the breastfeeding infant (data is conflicting). The manufacturer recommends that caution be exercised when administering atropine to breastfeeding women.