

Phytonadione

【IVITK1】 Vitamin K1 (Katimin-1®) 10mg/1mL/Amp

ATC Code : B02BA01

中文名： 嘉體民注射液 «中化»

適應症： 低凝血酶原血症、新生兒之出血症狀、手術時之過多出血之預防及治療、維生素 K 吸收之障礙及缺乏維生素 K 所引起之諸症。

藥理分類： **Vitamin, Fat Soluble.**

用法用量： **Administration** :IM, slow IV

Indications and dosage regimens :

Anticoagulant-induced hypoprothrombinemia:

— When bleeding is not present,

IM, initially, 2.5-10 mg, up to 25 mg; repeated 6-8 hr after the first dose if needed.

— When bleeding is present,

slow IV (≤ 1 mg/min), 10-50 mg; repeated Q4h if needed.

Hemorrhagic disease of the newborn:

— Prophylaxis: 0.5-1 mg IM within 1 hr of delivery.

— Treatment: 1 mg IM. Higher dose may be necessary if the mother has been receiving oral anticoagulants.

Treatment of hypoprothrombinemia from other causes:

IM, adults, 2-25 mg; pediatric patients & infants, 2 mg; older children 5-10 mg.

Prevention of hypoprothrombinemia in patients receiving TPN or prolonged hyperalimentation:

IM, adults, 5-10 mg/wk; children 2-5 mg/wk.

不良反應： 注射部位反應

注意事項： 1. 避光儲存於冷暗處。
2. 不可急速靜脈注射。一般以肌肉注射為主。緊急時可採用靜脈注射，靜脈注射時的速度以每分鐘不超過 1mg 為宜，或以 NS 或 D5W 混合緩慢注入。

懷 孕 期： 1. Phytonadione crosses the placenta in limited concentrations (Kazzi 1990).
2. In general, medications used as antidotes should take into consideration the health and prognosis of the mother; antidotes should be administered to pregnant women if there is a clear indication for use and should not be withheld because of fears of teratogenicity (Bailey 2003).

授 乳 期： Phytonadione 會分泌至人類乳汁中，授乳婦應小心使用。

儲 存： 本劑須置於冷暗場所，並避免日光之照射。