

Norfloxacin

【OBACC】Baccidal® 100mg/Tab

ATC Code : J01MA06

中文名：滅菌樂爾膜衣錠 «杏林新生»

適應症：表淺性皮膚感染、泌尿道感染及赤痢菌引起之腸道感染。

藥理分類：Antibiotic, Fluoroquinolone

用法用量：Administration:

- Administer orally with a full glass of water **at least 1 hour before or 2 hours after meals.**
- Do not take iron or zinc products, antacids, sucralfate, or didanosine within 2 hours of norfloxacin.

**Indications and dosage regimens:**

1. (From the manufacturer's insert): **100mg~200mg TID to QID.**

2. (From *MicroMedex* 2021):

**Prostatitis: 400 mg Q12H x 28 days**

**Urinary tract infections:**

Uncomplicated due to *E. coli*, *K. pneumoniae*, *P. mirabilis*: 400 mg BID x 3 days

Uncomplicated due to other organisms: 400 mg BID x 7~10 days

Complicated: 400 mg BID x 10~21 days

3. **Traveler's diarrhea (off-label use): 400 mg BID x 1~3 days.**

Safety and efficacy not established in children < 18 yr.

不良反應：發疹、搔癢、BUN 及 serum creatinine 上升、肝功能指數異常、噁心、嘔吐、食慾不振、腹痛、下痢等。

交互作用：

- FLUOXETINE, ESCITALOPRAM, BUPRENORPHINE, HYDROXYZINE, SERTRALINE, DONEPEZIL, HYDROXYCHLOROQUINE, TERFENADINE, CISAPRIDE, DRONEDARONE, ONDANSETRON, METRONIDAZOLE, CLASS IA ANTIARRHYTHMIC AGENTS: ↑ risk of QT-interval prolongation.
- DEXAMETHASONE, HYDROCORTISONE, METHYLPREDNISOLONE, TRIAMCINOLONE, PREDNISOLONE, CORTISONE: ↑ risk of tendon rupture.
- WARFARIN: ↑ risk of bleeding.
- **POTASSIUM SULFATE/MAGNESIUM SULFATE/SODIUM SULFATE:** ↓ absorption of fluoroquinolone antibiotics.
- ALUMINUM, CALCIUM OR MAGNESIUM CONTAINING PRODUCTS: ↓ oral levofloxacin effectiveness.
- THEOPHYLLINE: may result in theophylline toxicity (nausea, vomiting, palpitations, seizures).
- ANTIDIABETIC AGENTS: changes in blood glucose and increased risk of hypoglycemia or hyperglycemia.

注意事項：1. 可空服服用。

2. 與乳製品及含有鈣、鎂等礦物質飲料或綜合維他命至少間隔 2~4 小時，避免

影響藥品吸收而降低療效。

- 懷 孕 期：
- 1.對病患利益大於風險時才使用本藥。Norfloxacin 會通過胎盤。
  2. Adverse events have been observed in some animal reproduction studies.
  3. Based on available data, an increased risk of teratogenic effects has not been observed following norfloxacin use during pregnancy (Bar-Oz 2009; Padberg 2014).
- 授 乳 期：
- 1.安全性尚未確立。對病患利益大於風險時才使用本藥。
  2. Norfloxacin was not detected in the milk of nursing mothers administered an oral 200 mg dose.
  3. Due to the potential for serious adverse reactions in the nursing infant, a decision be made whether to discontinue nursing or to discontinue the drug, taking into account the importance of treatment to the mother.