Methylprednisolone

[OMETI] Meticort® 4mg/Tab ATC Code: H02AB04

中文名: 美蒂舒錠4毫克 《健喬信元》

適應症: 風濕性熱、風濕樣關節炎及過敏性症狀。

藥理分類: Corticosteroid, Systemic.

用法用量: **Administration: oral,** administer tablets after meals or with food or milk to decrease GI upset. If prescribed once daily, administer in the morning.

Usual Dosage

-Adults:

Initially, 2-60 mg daily, depending on disease being treated, and is usually divided into 4 doses.

-Children:

0.117-1.66 mg/kg daily OR

3.3-50 mg/m² daily, administered in 3 or 4 divided doses.

Note:

1.Alternate-day therapy may be considered for patients requiring long-term treatment. Patients receive twice the daily dose administered every other morning.

Alternate-day therapy helps to minimize pituitary-adrenal suppression and decrease some adverse effects.

2.Methylprednisolone dosage must be tapered gradually prior to discontinuation of long-term therapy.

不良反應: 腸胃不適,情緒變化,食欲增加,水腫,肌肉痛,視力模糊,骨質疏鬆,毛髮 增加等。

注意事項: 1.與食物一起服用可以減輕腸胃副作用。

2. 若每日服用一次,建議於早上服用。

3.全身性黴菌感染症者禁用。

4.長期使用後須慢慢減量,切勿突然停藥。

Comparison of systemic glucocorticoid preparations

	Equivalent doses (mg)	Anti-inflammatory activity relative to hydrocortisone	Duration of Action (hours)
Short acting			
Hydrocortisone	20	1	8 to 12
Cortisone acetate	25	0.8	8 to 12
Intermediate acting			
Prednisone	5	4	12 to 36
Prednisolone	5	4	12 to 36
Methylprednisolone	4	5	12 to 36
Triamcinolone	4	5	12 to 36
Long acting			
Dexamethasone	0.75	30	36 to 72
Betamethasone	0.6	30	36 to 72

交互作用: methylprednisolone = MTP

- **Desmopressin**: MTP ↑ the hyponatremic effect of Desmopressin.
- **MiFEPRIStone**: ↓ the therapeutic effect of Corticosteroids (Systemic).
- Antacids: ↓ the bioavailability of Corticosteroids (Oral).
- Aprepitant, Fosaprepitant: \(\) the serum concentration of MTP.

- COVID-19 Vaccine: MTP may ↓ the therapeutic effect of COVID-19 Vaccine.
- **CYP3A4 Inducers** (CarBAMazepine, PHENobarbital, Phenytoin, , RifAMPin) : ↓ the serum concentration of MTP.
- **Leflunomide**: MTP may ↑ the immunosuppressive effect of Leflunomide.
- Live Vaccines: MTP may ↑ the adverse/toxic effect of Vaccines (Live).

懷 孕 期:

- 1. Methylprednisolone crosses the placenta (*Anderson 1981*).
- 2. Some studies have shown an association between first trimester systemic corticosteroid use and oral clefts or decreased birth weight; however, information is conflicting. (*Lunghi 2010; Park-Wyllie 2000; Pradat 2003*).
- 3. Due to risks of adverse fetal events associated with first trimester exposure, use is reserved for refractory cases in women with dehydration (ACOG 189 2018).
- 4.只應在經過謹慎評估對母體和胎兒的益處/風險比後,才可於孕婦使用這項醫療產品。(仿單)

授乳期:

- 1.皮質類固醇會於乳汁中分泌。
- 2.分佈在乳汁中的皮質類固醇,可能令餵哺母乳之嬰兒的生長受到抑制,並干擾內生性糖皮質素的生成。由於目前尚未對人類以糖皮質素進行過適當的生殖研究,因此,在考量對授乳婦的治療效益下,須在停止授乳或停止用藥間做一選擇。