#### Naproxen

[ONAPO] Naposin® 250mg/Tab ATC Code: M01AE02

中文名: 能百鎮錠 《中化》

適應症: 消炎、鎮痛 (風濕性關節炎、骨關節炎、僵直性脊椎炎、外科手術後疼痛、急

慢性肌肉骨骼疾患、急性痛風)。

**藥理分類:** Analgesic, Nonopioid; Nonsteroidal Anti-inflammatory Drug (NSAID), Oral. 用法用量: **Administration:** orally, taken with food, milk, or antacids to decrease GI upset.

**Inflammatory Diseases:** 

-Osteoarthritis, Rheumatoid Arthritis, or Ankylosing Spondylitis:

250-500 mg BID;

-Acute Tendonitis/Bursitis:

500 mg initially, followed by 500 mg Q12h or 250 mg Q6-8h as needed.

-Gout:

750 mg initially, followed by 250 mg Q8h until attack subsides.

### Pain / Dysmenorrhea:

500 mg initially, followed by 250 mg Q6-8h as needed.

# Juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA):

Children and Adolescents:

10 to 15 mg/kg/day in 2 divided doses; maximum daily dose: 1,000 mg/day

### Migraine, treatment:

**Adult:** 500 to 750 mg once (*Note*: For use as monotherapy in mild to moderate attacks **not** associated with vomiting or severe nausea; may be used in combination with triptans for severe migraine)

# **Children >6 years and Adolescents:**

5 to 7 mg/kg/dose every 8 to 12 hours; maximum daily dose: 1,000 mg/day. (*Note*: In pediatric patients  $\geq$ 12 years of age, improved efficacy has been shown using a fixed-dose combination with sumatriptan)

不良反應: 胃灼熱、噁心、便秘、眩暈、嗜睡、皮膚搔癢、皮膚疹、水腫、耳鳴。

## 交互作用:

- ANTICOAGULANTS, SALICYLATES, CORTICOSTEROIDS, Other NSAIDs, TCA, SNRI, SSRI, GINKGO, PENTOXIFYLLINE: † risk of bleeding.
- **TENOFOVIR** DISOPROXIL FUMARATE : † risk of acute renal failure.
- LOOP DIURETICS: ↓ diuretic effectiveness and possible nephrotoxicity.
- **PEMETREXED**: pemetrexed toxicity (myelosuppression, renal toxicity, and GI toxicity).
- **LITHIUM**: may result in lithium toxicity.
- **METHOTREXAT**E: methotrexate toxicity (leukopenia, thrombocytopenia, anemia, nephrotoxicity, mucosal ulcerations).
- **DIGOXIN**: ↑ serum concentration of digoxin; prolonged half-life of digoxin.
- **DESMOPRESSIN**: ↑ risk of hyponatremia.

### 注意事項:

- 1. 可與食物、牛奶或胃藥一起服用,以減少腸胃副作用。
- 2. 進行冠狀動脈繞道手術(Coronary artery bypass graft)之後 14 天內禁用本藥。
- 3. 如用藥後發生喉痛、口腔/黏膜潰爛、皮疹等症狀,宜立即就醫並考慮停藥。
- 4. 服藥期間勿飲酒。避免長久暴露於日曬下。

## 懷 孕 期: 1.懷孕後期應避免使用(因可能引起主動脈導管的早期癒合)。

- 2. Naproxen crosses the placenta. Birth defects have been observed following in utero NSAID exposure in some studies; however, data is conflicting.
- 3. In addition, nonclosure of the ductus arteriosus postnatally may occur and be resistant to medical management (Bermas 2014; Bloor 2013).
- 4. Because NSAIDs may cause premature closure of the ductus arteriosus, product labeling for naproxen specifically states use should be avoided starting at 30-weeks gestation.

#### 授 乳 期: 1.不建議使用。

- 2. Naproxen is present in breast milk.
- 3. In general, NSAIDs may be used in postpartum women who wish to breastfeed; however, agents other than naproxen may be preferred and use should be avoided in women breastfeeding infants with platelet dysfunction or thrombocytopenia.