

Paroxetine HCl Hemihydrate

【OPARX】 Paroxin® 20mg/Tab

ATC Code : N06AB05

中文名：百樂行膜衣錠 «瑞士»

適應症：各種類型鬱症及鬱症伴隨焦慮症之症狀治療及預防復發、強迫症之症狀治療、恐慌症之症狀治療及預防復發、社交畏懼症(社交焦慮症)之治療、泛焦慮症之症狀治療及預防復發(GAD)、創傷後壓力症候群之治療(PTSD)。

成分：Each F.C. Tablet contains:
Paroxetine HCl Hemihydrate 22.76 mg (eq. to Paroxetine ..20 mg)

藥理分類：Antidepressant, Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitor.

用法用量：Administration : orally, taken with food, swallow whole tablet, do not chew.

Indications and dosage regimen :

Major depressive disorder (MDD):

Initial: 20 mg QD, preferably in the morning; increase if needed by 10 mg/day increments at intervals of at least 1 week; **maximum** dose: 50 mg/day

Generalized anxiety disorder (GAD):

Initial: 20 mg QD, preferably in the morning (if dose is increased, adjust in increments of 10 mg/day at 1-week intervals); doses of 20-50 mg/day were used in clinical trials, however, no greater benefit was seen with doses > 20 mg.

Obsessive-compulsive disorder (OCD):

Initial: 20 mg QD, preferably in the morning; increase if needed by 10 mg/day increments at intervals of at least 1 week; recommended dose: 40 mg/day; range: 20-60 mg/day; **maximum** dose: 60 mg/day.

Panic disorder:

Initial: 10 mg QD, preferably in the morning; increase if needed by 10 mg/day increments at intervals of at least 1 week; recommended dose: 40 mg/day; range: 10-60 mg/day; **maximum** dose: 60 mg/day.

Post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD):

Initial: 20 mg QD, preferably in the morning; increase if needed by 10 mg/day increments at intervals of at least 1 week; range: 20-50 mg. Limited data suggest doses of 40 mg/day were not more efficacious than 20 mg/day.

Social anxiety disorder:

Initial: 20 mg QD, preferably in the morning; recommended dose: 20 mg/day; range: 20-60 mg/day; doses > 20 mg may not have additional benefit.

不良反應：噁心、膽固醇上升、食慾減低、睡眠障礙、暈眩、視覺模糊、性功能障礙、出汗、無力、體重增加。

交互作用：Paroxetine is a Strong CYP2D6 Inhibitors.

- **LINEZOLID, LITHIUM, ST JOHN'S WORT:** ↑ risk of serotonin syndrome (hypertension, tachycardia, hyperthermia, myoclonus, mental status changes).
- **NSAIDs:** ↑ risk of bleeding.
- **Mequitazine:** ↑ the serum level of Mequitazine.
- **MAOIs (Antidepressant):** ↑ the serotonergic effect.
- **Urokinase:** ↑ the anticoagulant effect.

- 注意事項： 1.與食物併服，請勿咀嚼。
2. Antidepressants increased the risk of suicidal thoughts and behaviors in pediatric and young adult patients in short-term studies.
- 交互作用： 1.非選擇性不可逆的 MAOIs(linezolid，methylene blue)：Serotonin Syndrome。
4. tamoxifen：可能會降低 tamoxifen 的有效性。
- 懷 孕 期： 1.對在懷孕前三個月母親使用抗憂鬱劑後其懷孕之結果之報告指出，paroxetine 會增加先天性畸形的風險，特別是心血管方面(如心室與心房隔膜缺陷)。
2. 對於懷孕或是計畫懷孕的婦女，醫師必須考慮替代治療的選擇方案，只能在潛在利益大於潛在風險時才能使用。
- 授 乳 期： 有少量的 Paroxetine 會分泌到乳汁。不建議在哺乳期間使用 Paroxetine。除非證明在母親之期待利益超過嬰兒的潛在風險。